



The fight of the Iranian people against the criminal regime of the Islamic Republic will continue until victory

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More than twenty years of direct and indirect negotiations between Western countries—especially the United States—and the Islamic Republic have not only failed to produce positive results, but have also enabled the regime’s leaders to pursue a policy of military and ideological expansion. Through uranium enrichment, the development of long-range missile programs, and support for proxy forces, they have sought to establish regional hegemony and expand their strategic influence depth.

The experience of the past two decades has clearly demonstrated that the ruling regime in Iran is in no way reformable and has no genuine intention of engaging in constructive dialogue or resolving conflicts.

Following the recent war involving the United States and Israel against the regime in Tehran and the weakening of the regime’s defensive systems, Islamic republic quickly shifted to an irregular warfare by attempting to expand the conflict across the region. Actions such as disrupting oil tanker traffic through the strait of Hormoz and threatening vital energy routes were aimed at increasing the cost of war for the West and imposing economic pressure on the global community.

At the same time, the lack of a unified consensus and opposition from some European NATO countries to this war, created an environment in which these countries and their liberal and leftist media outlets and political groups, practically support the Islamic Republic terrorist regime.

There are now negotiations going on between US VP J.D. Vance and Ghalibaf in Pakistan. However, based on past experience, **these talks are unlikely to yield meaningful results**, and the possibility of renewed war remains high.

Indeed, considering the present circumstances—marked by severe economic decline, the erosion of military capacity, internal divisions within the power structure of the IRI, plus shifting regional dynamics—a rare opportunity has emerged for a fundamental change in Iran. Moreover, the Iranian people, after enduring years of hardship and suffering, are seeking an end to the current situation and a path toward freedom and a different future. Accordingly, many believe that the time has come to focus on practical solutions to bring this situation to an end—solutions grounded in the will of the Iranian people, regional support, and the effective use of available capacities.

It is evident that any agreement that merely preserves puppet leaders similar to Venezuela, Syria or Afghanistan, or offers superficial reforms—such as limited or controlled freedoms—will not meet the demands of the Iranian people. **The realization of fundamental freedoms, an end to repression, the release of political prisoners, and the establishment of conditions for a democratic system, such as opening the internet, remain among the core demands of the nation.**

Ultimately **no matter what the negotiations’ result is, what will govern the outcome in future is the will and determination of the Iranian people to build a free and independent future—a path that the vast majority will follow until the final victory is achieved, the people who were slaughtered by fifty thousand in few hours, more than what US lost in few years in Vietnam war.**

The Iranian Democracy Front is a coalition of freedom-loving political organizations committed to promoting democracy and human rights.